

GGM HDEXT2K50M

HDMI EXTENDER 50M OVER NETWORK CABLE



The GGM HDEXT2K50M is a kit made up with a transmitter which converts a signal coming from an HDMI source towards a network cable in RJ45, and a receiver which converts the signal coming from the network cable towards HDMI.

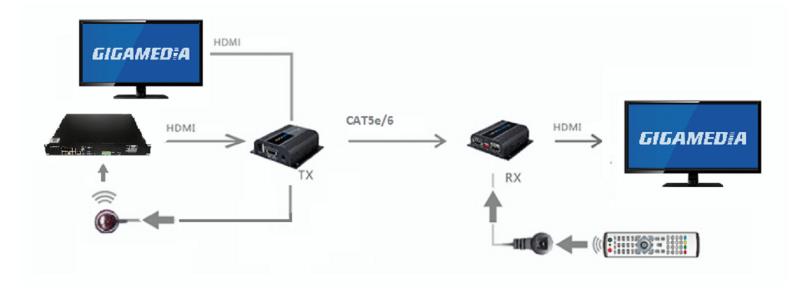
The receiver is powered via the network cable in POE and does not need to be connected to a bulky power supply. These are Plug & Play products so do not require installation configuration. Furthermore, for the rare cases of pairing difficulties, the EDID allows a simplified configuration. The transmitter has an HDMI "loop out" output in order to display the content of the source on a local screen.

Features:

HDMI Type	HDMI 1.4
HDCP	HDCP 1.2
Supported resolutions	480ild60Hz, 480pld60Hz, 576ild50Hz, 576pld50Hz, 720pld50/60Hz, 1080ild50/60Hz, 3D:1080pld60Hz
Cable type	CAT5e Minimum
Transmission lenght	Up to 50M with CAT6
IR and remote controller	Support IR 20~60kHz
EDID	Yes
Supported audio format	PCM, AC3, DTS
Working temperature	0-60°C
Power supply	5V 2A - Rx powered with POE
Consumption	TX<3W RX<3W
Dimension	71.6 (L) × 66.9 (l) × 22.6 (H) mm x 2pcs
Weight	TX:70g RX: 70g



Connexion:





HDMI Lossless Transmission

It extends HDMI AV signal to synchronous output. Video display is as fluent as direct connection.



Auto Adjustment to Match Cable Length

Adjust the specification automatically for different cable lengths 1-50m to achieve the best display.



Pure Hardware Transmission

It is pure hardware design. No need driver & plug and play. Operation is Intelligent and simple. No professional experience is required.



Full HD Transmission

Adopt full HD transmission technology to make the video image more vivid.



IR Signal Transmission

Infrared Radiation pass-through compatible, allows to control the source device at a secondary location, supports standard 20~60KHz IR devices.



HDMI Loop-out for Local Display

This extender provides an HDMI local display output for monitoring function to ensure High-Definition digital signals are transmitted in different locations.